

Privacy Patterns

Presented at PST'2016

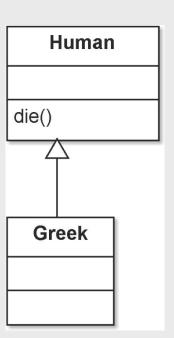
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13 December 2016

How can software offer privacy?

- What is privacy?
 - I offer a constructive definition, based on Westin's 1967 survey
 - I extend Westin's taxonomy, to cover the "information privacy" of the EU's Data Protection Directive
- I'll teach you a bit about object-oriented design along the way...
- Working manuscript: http://arxiv.org/abs/1612.01553

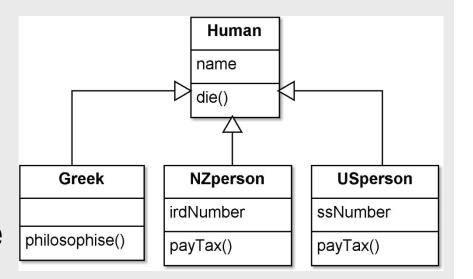
Our starting point: Aristotle(!)

- All humans are mortal
- All Greeks are human
- Therefore: all Greeks are mortal
- In an object-oriented language:
 - Human has a die() method
 - Greek is a subclass of Human
 - Therefore: any Greek can die()
- Not an exact translation
 - Static logic → dynamic system



Extending the design

- Aristotle is-a Greek
 - An "instance" of his class
- I am not representable
 - Clark is-a NZperson
 - Clark2 is-a USperson
 - An instance is a member of exactly one class.
- Problem: representing multiple identities



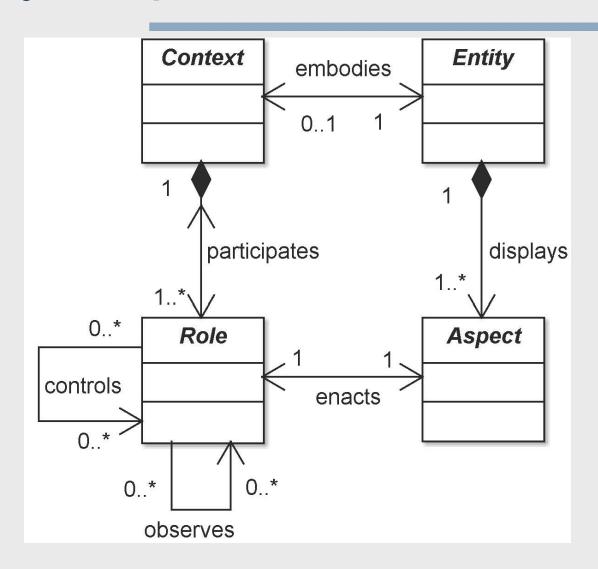
Design Patterns (Gamma, 1994)

- "Design patterns capture solutions that have developed and evolved over time.
 - "Hence they aren't the designs people tend to generate initially.
 - "They reflect untold redesign and recoding as developers have struggled for greater reuse and flexibility in their software.
- "Design patterns capture these solutions in a succinct and easily applied form."

Privacy Patterns

- A subclass of design patterns
 - Foundational patterns, for private identities
 - Privacy affordances, for
 - Solitude
 - Intimacy
 - Anonymity
 - Reserve
 - Confidence
- Your feedback is welcome, this is a work-in-progress

Entity, Aspect, Role, Context



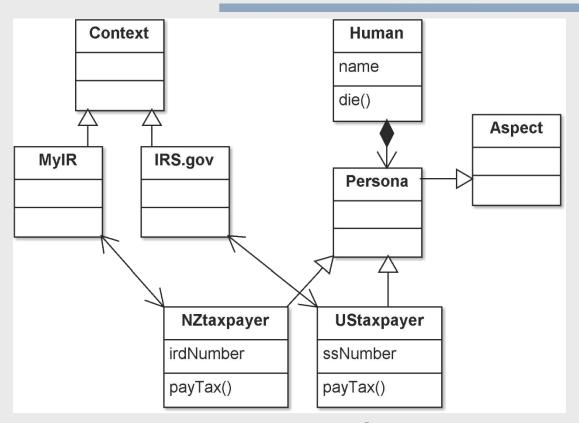
Persona = aspect of a human

Thousands of years ago, Roman actors wore *personae* (masks) to depict their roles.



- A hundred years ago, Carl Jung asserted that, as social beings, we must hide our true identity:
 - A persona is "a compromise between the individual and society as to what a man should appear to be".

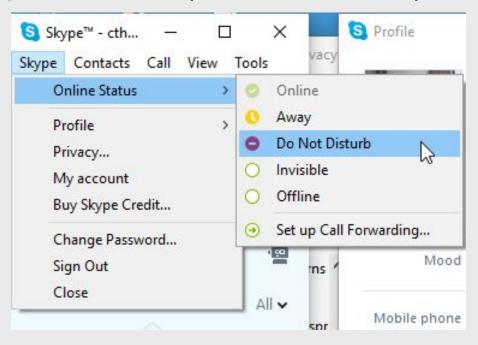
A taxpayer is a persona

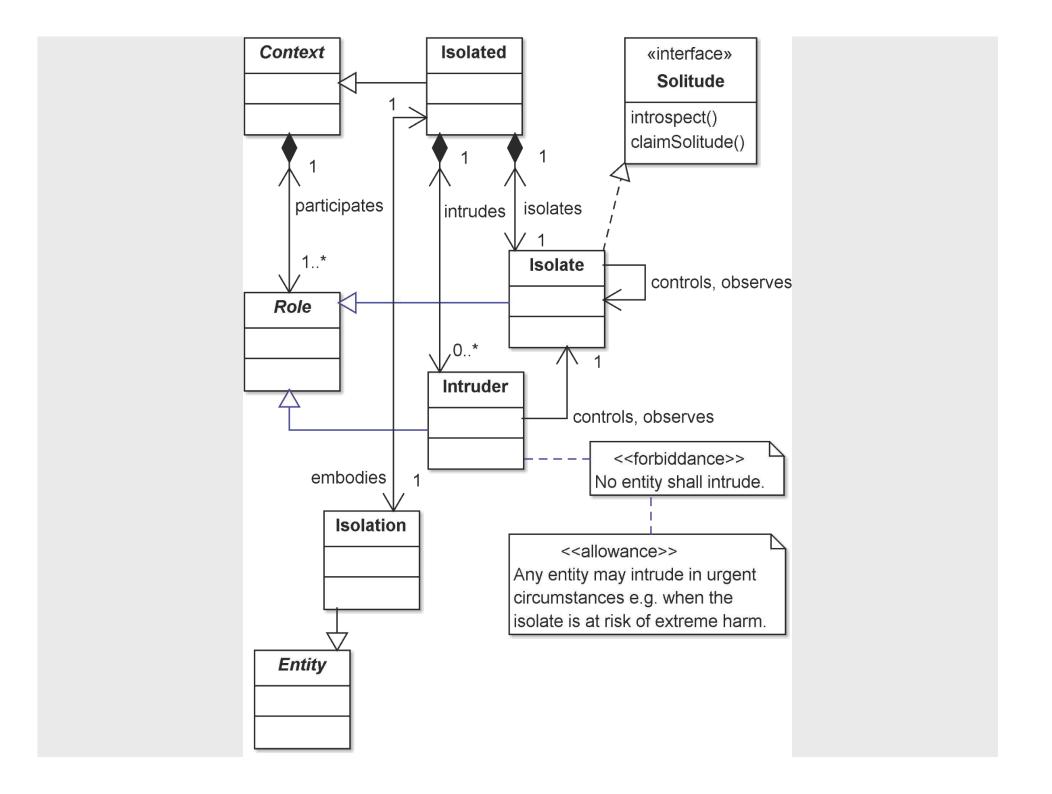


- One-way navigability from Human to Persona
 - ssNumber doesn't reveal irdNumber
 - irdNumber doesn't reveal ssNumber

Solitude

- "The first state of privacy is solitude;
 - here the individual is separated from the group and freed from the observation of other persons." (Westin, 1967)



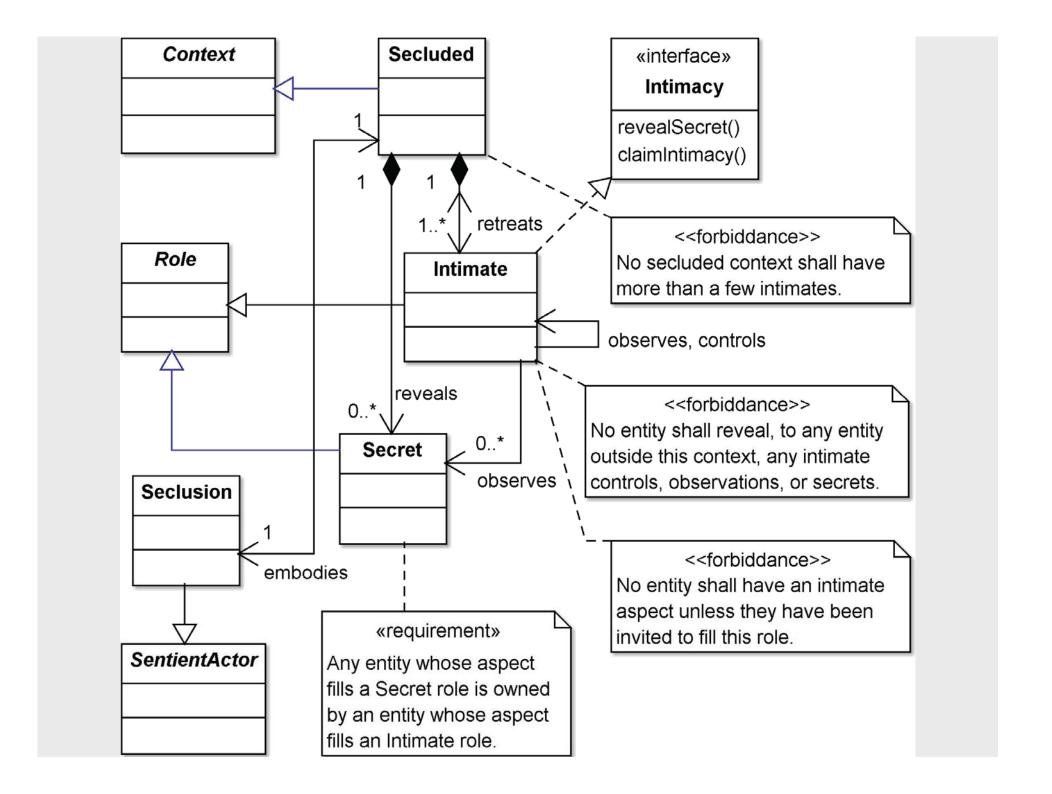


Intimacy

- "In the second state of privacy, intimacy,
 - the individual is acting as part of a small unit that claims and is allowed to exercise corporate seclusion so that it may achieve a close, relaxed, and frank relationship between two or more individuals." (Westin, 1967)

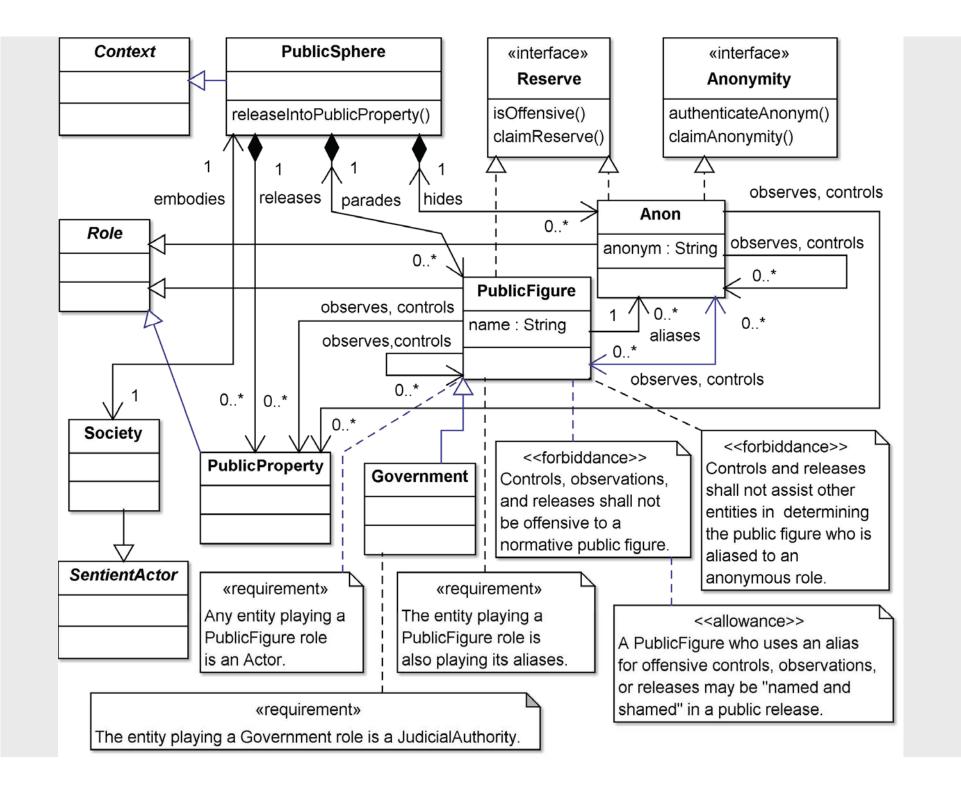
Barbara Thomborson
99 friends

Luke Thomborson



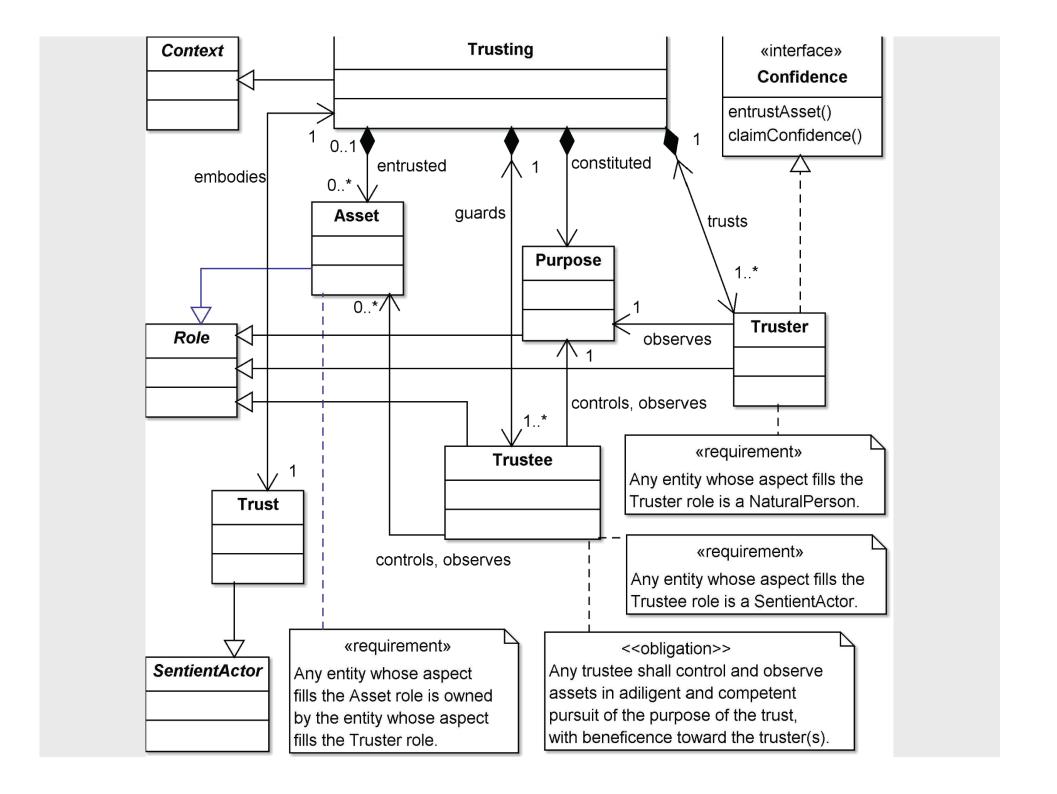
Anonymity, Reserve

- "The third state of privacy, anonymity,
 - occurs when the individual is in public places or performing public acts but still seeks, and finds, freedom from identification and surveillance.
- "Reserve, the fourth and most subtle state of privacy,
 - is the creation of a psychological barrier against unwanted intrusion; this occurs when the individual's need to limit communication about himself is protected by the willing discretion of those surrounding him." (Westin, 1967)



Confidence

- I added a fifth state of privacy to Westin's taxonomy, to handle "information privacy"
 - Formally: this is a subclass of Intimacy
- A private individual enters the state of confidence when they release their personal information to a Trustee e.g.
 - Doctor, lawyer, social network provider.



Review

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