

Software Tools Exercises

Part II - Lecture/Tutorial 10

Today's Outline

- The Exam
- Grammar Exercise
- Type Derivation Exercise

The Exam



The Exam

- Two hours time in total; 50% about second half:
 1. **Version Control (10%)**
create diffs between versions, merge two new versions into a base version, identify conflicts
 2. **Compilers (18%)**:
define regular expressions and a context-free grammar with actions according to a specification
 3. **Type Systems (10%)**:
derive a given Java statement using an environment and type rules (rules are **not** given)
 4. **Text Questions (12%)**:
short answer questions (no more than 3 sentences each) about processes, version control, compilers, type systems, static checking

Version Control Exercise



Merging

Given base version 1 and successive versions 2 and 3: What would be the result of the merge? Identify the conflicts.

```
class X {  
    int m() {  
        return 0;  
    }  
}
```

Version 1

```
class X {  
    String m() {  
        return "hello";  
    }  
}
```

Version 2

```
class Y {  
    int m() {  
        int x = m();  
        return x;  
    }  
}
```

Version 3

```
class Y {  
    String m() {  
        int x = m();  
        return ???;  
    }  
}
```

Semantic conflict

Textual conflict

Result



Grammar Exercise

Regular Expressions

Define regular expressions for the following tokens:

1. The `package` keyword
2. Boolean literals that are either `true` or `false`
3. Hexadecimal numbers with digits 0 to 9 and A to F
4. Identifiers that start with an alphabetic lower-case character followed by an arbitrary sequence of lower-case alphanumeric characters

PACKAGE: `'package'`;

BOOLEAN: `'true'` | `'false'`;

HEXNUM: `('0'..'9' | 'A'..'F')+`;

IDENTIFIER: `('a'..'z') ('a'..'z' | '0'..'9')*`;

Context-Free Grammars

Define grammar rules for the following syntax elements:

1. Expressions that are variable accesses or use the binary operators + and *
2. The while statement
3. An interface definition with an optional `extends` clause

You can use the following tokens and subrules:

`PLUS, STAR, IDENTIFIER, WHILE, LPAR ("("), RPAR ("")`,
`INTERFACE, EXTENDS, COMMA, LCURLY ("{"), RCURLY ("}")`,
`statement, interfaceBody`

`expr: expr (PLUS|STAR) expr | IDENTIFIER ;`

`while: WHILE LPAR expr RPAR statement ;`

`interface: INTERFACE IDENTIFIER
(EXTENDS IDENTIFIER (COMMA IDENTIFIER)*)?
LCURLY interfaceBody RCURLY ;`

Actions

Given the following grammar rule:

```
expr: expr PLUS expr
      | expr STAR expr
      | INT
      | LPAREN expr RPAREN ;
```

Rewrite the rule using ANTLR syntax so that it returns the `int` value that is the arithmetic result of the parsed expression.

```
expr returns [int value]:
    a=expr PLUS b=expr
    { $value = $a.value + $b.value; }
    | a=expr STAR b=expr
    { $value = $a.value * $b.value; }
    | i=INT { $value = Integer.parseInt($i.text); }
    | LPAREN a=expr RPAREN { $value = $a.value; };
```

Type Derivation



Type Derivation



Given the environment

$\Gamma = \{\text{int } a; \text{ String } b; \text{ int } m(\text{String } s, \text{ int } t);\}$

derive the following code:

if (a==1) a = m(b, 1);

$$[\text{int lit}] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \diamond \quad x \in \text{int}}{\Gamma \vdash x: \text{int}}$$

$$[\text{int } ==] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \text{expr}_1: \text{int} \quad \Gamma \vdash \text{expr}_2: \text{int}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{expr}_1 == \text{expr}_2: \text{boolean}}$$

$$[\text{var}] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \diamond \quad \{\text{type id};\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash id: \text{type}}$$

$$[if] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \text{expr}: \text{boolean} \quad \Gamma \vdash \text{stat}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if(expr)} \text{ stat}}$$

$$[\text{call}] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \text{expr}_1: \text{type}_1 \quad \dots \quad \Gamma \vdash \text{expr}_n: \text{type}_n \quad \{\text{type}_{\text{ret}} \text{ id}(\text{type}_1 \text{ id}_1, \dots, \text{type}_n \text{ id}_n);\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash id(\text{expr}_1, \dots, \text{expr}_n): \text{type}_{\text{ret}}}$$

$$[\text{assign}] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \text{expr}: \text{type} \quad \{\text{type id};\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash id = \text{expr};}$$

Type Derivation Solution

Given the environment

$$\Gamma = \{\text{int } a; \text{ String } b; \text{ int } m(\text{String } s, \text{ int } t); \}$$

derive the following code:

$$\boxed{\text{if } (a==1) \text{ a} = m(b, 1);}$$

$$[var] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \diamond \quad \{\text{int } a;\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash a: \text{int}}$$

$$[\text{int lit}] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \diamond \quad 1 \in \text{int}}{\Gamma \vdash 1: \text{int}}$$

$$[var] \frac{\Gamma \vdash \diamond \quad \{\text{String } b;\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash b: \text{String}}$$

$$[\text{int } ==] \frac{\Gamma \vdash a: \text{int} \quad \Gamma \vdash 1: \text{int}}{\Gamma \vdash a==1: \text{boolean}}$$

$$[call] \frac{\Gamma \vdash b: \text{String} \quad \Gamma \vdash 1: \text{int} \quad \{\text{int } m(\text{String } s, \text{ int } t);\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash m(b, 1): \text{int}}$$

$$[assign] \frac{\Gamma \vdash m(b, 1): \text{int} \quad \{\text{int } a;\} \subseteq \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash a=m(b, 1);}$$

$$[if] \frac{\Gamma \vdash a==1: \text{boolean} \quad \Gamma \vdash a=m(b, 1);}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if}(a==1) \text{ a}=m(b, 1);}$$