THE UNIVERSITY OF AUCKLAND

SUMMER SEMESTER, 2012 Campus: City

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Mastering Cyberspace: An Introduction to Practical Computing

(Time Allowed: TWO hours)

NOTE:

You must answer all questions in this exam.

No calculators are permitted

Write your answers in the space provided in this booklet.

There is space at the back for answers that overflow the allotted space.

Surname	Sample
Forenames	Answers
Student ID	
Login (UPI)	

	Question	Mark	Out Of
1	Hardware and Software		15
2	Internet		15
3	Programming using Python		10
4	Spreadsheets		14
5	XHTML and CSS		12
6	Databases		14
7	LaTeX		12
8	AI and Social Issues		8
	TOTAL	100	100

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1. Hardware and Software (15 marks)

(a) List three pieces of hardware you would find inside the system unit.

Cooling fans

Motherboard

Power Unit

CD Drives

Hard Drive

CPU

Expansion slots/cards, etc...

(3 marks)

(b) Describe Moore's Law.

The number of transistors that can fit on a single chip approximately doubles every 18 months, but the price remains the same. Therefore, computing power roughly doubles every one and a half years.

(3 marks)

(c) What decimal number does the binary number 1000 correspond to?

8

(2 marks)

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(d) Both *crippleware* and *nagware* are types of shareware. Explain how each type works.

Crippleware: disables certain features of functions that the software offers unless the product is purchased. For example, a word processor that doesn't allow you to print.

Nagware: constantly reminds the user that they should purchase the software, if they wish to continue to use it.

(4 marks)

(e) Explain the problem that causes most CPU's sold today to have clock speeds that don't exceed 4.0 GHz. What has been the solution to this problem?

Because of issues to do with the heat generated. Once CPU speeds approach 4.0 GHz, the use of standard cooling fans is no longer sufficient to handle overheating issues. The solution to this problem has been to add extra processors in parallel, e.g. dual core and quad core processors.

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2. Internet (15 marks)

(a) Identify the **protocol**, **domain**, **path** and **file** requested by the following URL:

http://www.cs.auckland.ac.nz/courses/compscill1/lectures.html

protocol: http

domain: www.cs.auckland.ac.nz

path: /courses/compsci111/

file: lectures.html

(4 marks)

- (b) List **four** locations where logs of Internet traffic are kept.
- 1) Browser
- 2) 05
- 3) ISP Server
- 4) Destination Server

(4 marks)

(c) Briefly explain what a **cache** does in regard to requesting a webpage over the Internet.

It stores a local copy of the website and first determines whether the local copy is up-to-date. If so, it returns the local copy and there's no need to ask the server for a copy of the site, otherwise the most recent copy is requested from the server.

- 5 -

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(d) State two advantages and two disadvantages of wikis.

Advantages:

Creates a central pool of content Everyone can contribute Easy to use Quick to develop material

Disadvantages:

No quality control
Anyone can contribute
Information changes rapidly
Vandalism a possibility

(4 marks)

3. Programming using Python (10 marks)

(a) Write a program that calculates and displays the amount of memory required to store a bitmap image which has 4 colours. At the beginning, the user is asked to enter the width and height of the image.

The number of bits required is calculated using the following formula (Note that 2 bits per pixel are required to store an image with 4 colours):

```
bits required = width * height * 2
```

If the required number of bits is less than 8, then the amount of memory required is displayed in bits, otherwise it is displayed in bytes. To convert the number of bits to a number of bytes, divide by 8.

Example 1: If the user entered **4** for the width and **3** for the height, the output that is expected from your program is shown below:

```
Enter width: 4
Enter height: 3
Memory required is 3 bytes
```

Example 2: If the user entered **1** for the width and **3** for the height, the output that is expected from your program is shown below:

```
Enter width: 1
Enter height: 3
Memory required is 6 bits
```

```
width = int(input("Enter width: "))
height = int(input("Enter height: "))
bitsRequired = width * height * 2
if bitsRequired < 8:
    print("Memory required is", bitsRequired, "bits")
else:
    bytesRequired = bitsRequired // 8
    print("Memory required is", bytesRequired, "bytes")</pre>
```

(5 marks)

(b) Complete the output produced by the following program when the user enters 5 at the prompt.

```
numberEntered = int(input("Please enter a number: "))
counter = numberEntered

while counter > 0:
    if counter % 4 == 0:
        print(counter, " modulo 4 is zero")
    if counter % 4 == 1:
        print(counter, " modulo 4 is one")
    if counter % 4 == 2:
        print(counter, " modulo 4 is two")
    if counter % 4 == 3:
        print(counter, " modulo 4 is three")
    counter = counter - 1
print("counter: ", counter)
```

```
Please enter a number: 5

5 modulo 4 is one
4 modulo 4 is zero
3 modulo 4 is three
2 modulo 4 is two
1 modulo 4 is one
counter: 0
```

(5 marks)

4. Spreadsheets (14 marks)

Questions (a) to (e) refer to the spreadsheet shown below. On the upper left side the spreadsheet shows a table of different length units with their conversion factors. The upper right side of the spreadsheet shows a list of sample conversions.

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	K
1											
2			Conver	sion T	able						
3			Unit A		Unit B			Length	Unit	Length	Unit
4		1	inch	25.4	mm			22	inch	558.8	mm
5		1	mm	0.1	cm			3	mm	0.3	cm
6		1	foot	12	inch			24	foot	288	inch
7		1	yard	3	foot			21	yard	63	foot
8		1	chain	22	yard			6	chain	132	yard
9		1	mile	5280	foot			9	mile	47520	foot
10		1	hand	4	inch			5	hand	20	inch
11											
12						Bigger than:	1	100	1000	10000	Number of Y
13	Highest conversion factor:			5280	foot		Υ	Υ	Y	N	3
14											

(a) In cell D13 the highest conversion factor from the table directly above is shown. What is the **best** formula to use in cell D13?

- MAX(D4:010)		
= MAX(D4:D10)		

(2 marks)

(b) Cell G13 records whether the conversion factor in cell D13 is greater than the number in cell G12 ("Y"), or not ("N"). What is the **best** formula to use in cell G13? **Note:** The formula must be able to be filled right.

```
= IF ($D$13 > G12, "Y", "N")
```

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(c) Cell E13 uses a VLOOKUP formula to look up the **unit** of the conversion factor in cell D13.

The syntax of the **vlookup** function to search the first column of a table, and then return a value from any cell on the same row of the table is given below:

```
vlookup(lookup_value, table_array, col_index_num,[range_lookup])
```

What is the **best** formula to use in cell E13? The formula **must** use the VLOOKUP function to get the appropriate unit from the table in cells D4:E10

= VLOOKUP (D13, \$D\$4:\$E\$10, 2, FALSE)

(3 marks)

(d) What is the **best** formula to use in cell J4? **Note:** The formula must be able to be filled down.

= VLOOKUP (I4, \$C\$4:\$D\$10, 2, FALSE) * H4

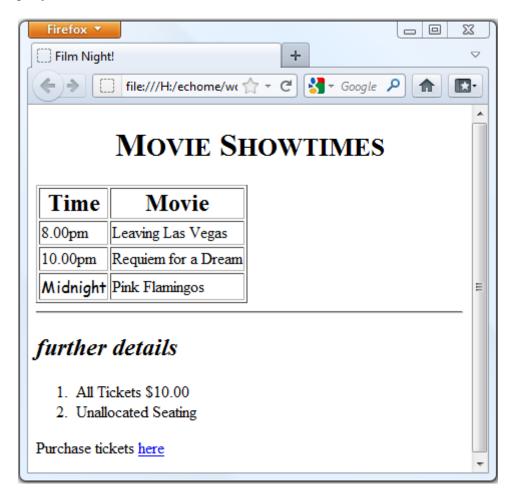
(3 marks)

(e) K13 displays the total number of cells in the range G13:J13 that contain "Y". What is the **best** formula to use in cell K13?

= COUNTIF (G13:J13, "Y")

5. XHTML and CSS (12 marks)

The following screenshot shows a web page created using XHTML 1.0 strict and Cascading Style Sheets:



Complete the XHTML code below so that it produces the output shown above. You **must** use the styles defined in the internal style sheet in the head section below, and **must not** define any new styles.

```
ID.....
   h1
     text-align: center;
     font-family: serif;
     font-variant: small-caps;
    }
   h2
     font-style: italic;
     text-transform: lowercase;
    .toprow
     text-align: center;
     font-weight: bold;
     font-size: x-large;
    #midnight
     font-family: "Comic Sans MS", cursive;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
<!-- Main heading -->
<h1>Movie Showtimes</h1>
                                                   (1 mark)
<!-- Large and centred table header text -->
Time
   Movie
```

(2 marks)

ID..... <!-- Remaining table detail rows --> > 8.00pm Leaving Las Vegas > 10.00pm Requiem for a Dream > Midnight Pink Flamingos (3 marks) <!-- Horizontal ruled line --> <hr/> (1 mark) <!-- Lowercase subheading --> <h2>further details</h2>

(1 mark)

```
<!-- Ordered list -->

    All Tickets $10.00
    Unallocated Seating
```

(2 marks)

```
<!-- Final paragraph --> <!-- hyperlink should proceed to "http://www.checkout.co.nz" -->
```

```
Purchase tickets <a href="http://www.checkout.co.nz">here</a>
```

(2 marks)

</body>

6. Databases (14 marks)

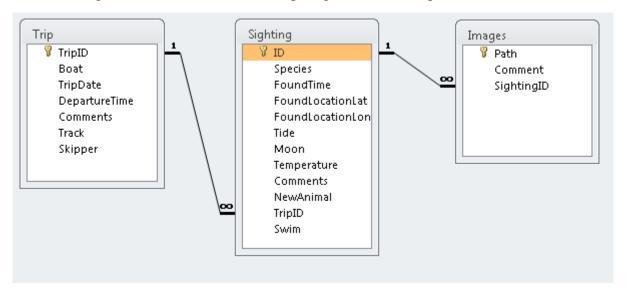
(a) What is the difference between a one-to-one relationship and a one-to-many relationship?

In a one-to-one relationship a single record is associated with a **single** record in another table and vice versa.

In a one-to-many relationship a record from one table can be associated with many records in another table.

(4 marks)

The following Microsoft Access relationship diagram is used in questions (b), (c) and (d):



(b) State the primary key(s) of the **Images** table above.

Path

(1 mark)

(c) State the foreign key(s) (if any) of the **Sighting** table above.

TripID

(2 marks)

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(d) What would be an appropriate data type for the **Comments** field of the **Trip** table?

Text

(1 mark)

The following Query By Example (QBE) diagram is used in questions (e) and (f):

Field:	Species	FoundTime	Temperature
Table:	Sighting	Sighting	Sighting
Sort:			
Show:	V	▽	
Criteria:	_		>50
or:			

(e) Explain what the above Query By Example (QBE) does.

It displays the Species and FoundTime of all records in the Sighting table which have a temperature higher than 50.

(3 marks)

(f) Write the SQL statement that would give the same output as the above QBE.

SELECT Species, FoundTime FROM Sighting WHERE Temperature > 50;

7. LaTeX (12 marks)

(a) On the following page, write the LaTeX code that will produce the following output:

1 111 Exam

1.1 Latex

Latex has different document classes:

- Book
- Report
- Article
- Letter

To annotate a document the % sign has to be used in front of each line. What latex really excels in are formula as the following example shows:

$$c = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} \tag{1}$$

The following commands have been included as a reference. You will not need to use all of these commands. Note that the basic document structure has been completed for you.

Normal commands	Environments	Math mode commands
	itemize	\$
	enumerate	\sum_{}^{}
	verbatim	{}
\large	flushright	
	center	/geq
	quote	\pi
	displaymath	\infty
	equation	^
\maketitle	emph	
\item		_
\%		

\documentclass[a4paper]{article}

\begin{document}

\section{111 Exam}

\subsection{Latex}

Latex has different document classes:

\begin{itemize}

\item Book

\item Report

\item Article

\item Letter

\end{itemize}

To annotate a document the \$\%\$ sign has to be used in front of each line. What latex really excels in are formula as the following example shows:

\begin{equation}

 $c = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$

\end{equation}

\end{document}

(8 marks)

(b) Draw the output that would be generated by the following LaTeX code. If quote marks appear, make it clear what type will appear.

```
\documentclass[a4paper]{article}
\begin{document}
\title{A Short Story}
\author{Mister X}
\maketitle
\section{Chapter 1}
\subsection{Tim and the Dragon}
emph{On} the possibly last day of his life, Tim got up at 10
a.m. after a night out with his friends.
\begin{quote}
``What a wonderful day,'' he said.
\end{quote}
\begin{flushright}
Grandma waited in the kitchen.
\end{flushright}
\end{document}
```

A Short Story

Mister X

February 14, 2012

1 Chapter 1

1.1 Tim and the Dragon

On the possibly last day of his life, Tim got up at 10 a.m. after a night out with his friends.

"What a wonderful day," he said.

Grandma waited in the kitchen.

(4 marks)

8. Artificial Intelligence and Social Issues (8 marks)
(a) Name three other disciplines from which AI inherited ideas.
Biology, Philosophy, Mathematics, Neuroscience, Psychology
(3 marks)
(b) Name one type of task to which AI can be applied, and briefly explain how it can be applied.
Tasks that improve human computer interaction.
Applications: Recognition of Faces, Emotions, Handwriting, Speech, Objects Speech production, Natural language queries, Conversation
(3 marks)
(c) Name two methods that parents can use to protect their children from Internet dangers.
Filtering, Blocking, Putting the computer in a public area
(2 marks)

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- Overflow Sheet 1 -

Write the question number and letter next to your answer. You must ALSO indicate in the allotted space that you have used the overflow sheet.

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- Overflow Sheet 2 -

Write the question number and letter next to your answer. You must ALSO indicate in the allotted space that you have used the overflow sheet.

- Overflow Sheet 3 -

Write the question number and letter next to your answer. You must ALSO indicate in the allotted space that you have used the overflow sheet

Rough Working – This page will not be marked

Rough Working – This page will not be marked