The relationship diagram above shows the tables used to store information about music albums. Use the diagram to answer the questions below.

**Exercise 1:** State the primary key of the tblAlbum table.

*IngAlbumID*

**Exercise 2:** State the foreign key(s) of the tblAlbum table (if any).

*IngGenreID and IngLabelID*

**Exercise 3:** Given the relationship diagram, can an artist have more than one album? Explain why.

Yes, there is a many-to-many relationship between the IngArtistID field in the tblArtist table and the IngAlbumID field in the tblAlbum table. tblLINKArtist_ALbum links the two fields together and is the key piece in the many-to-many relationship.

**Exercise 4:** Given the relationship diagram, can an album have more than one artist? Explain why.

Yes, because there is a many-to-many relationship between the IngArtistID field in the tblArtist table and the IngAlbumID field in the tblAlbum table.
Exercise 5: Complete the QBE form below so that the query will return the first name, surname and grade (in that order) of any student that has achieved an A+.

![QBE Form](image)

Exercise 6: Write the SQL command that will return the same result as the QBE above

```
SELECT [First Names], Surname, Grade
FROM Students
WHERE Grade = 'A+';
```

Exercise 7: Write the SQL command that would return the surnames and ID numbers of the students, ordered according to their total marks.

```
SELECT Surname, ID
FROM Students
ORDER BY Total ASC;
```