

Tutorial 05 Big-O & Sorting

Question One: Big-O

What is the Big-O complexity of each of the following methods?

<pre>public static void q1A(int n) { int count = 0; for(int i=0; i<20000; i++) count++; }</pre>	O()
<pre>public static void q1B(int n) { int count = 0; for(int i=0; i<n; i++) for (int j=0; j<100; j++) count++; }</pre>	O()
<pre>public static void q1C(int[] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) result = result + a[i]; }</pre>	O()
<pre>public static void q1D(int[][] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) { for (int j=0; j < i; j++) result = result + a[i][j]; } }</pre>	O()
<pre>public static void q1E(int n) { int count = 0; for(int i=0; i<n; i++) count++; for (int j=0; j<n; j++) count++; }</pre>	O()
<pre>public static void q1F(int[] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) result = doG(a[i]); } private static int doG(int a) { int result = 0; for (int i=0; i < a; i++) { result += i; } return result; }</pre>	O()

Question Two:

a) Trace the **selection sort** as it sorts the following array into ascending order:

2 3 1 6 4 5

b) Trace the **insertion sort** as it sorts the following array into ascending order:

2 3 1 6 4 5

c) Trace the **bubble sort** as it sorts the following array into ascending order:

2 3 1 6 4 5

Question Three

The following is a list of birthdays in DD/MM format. Trace the **bubble sort** into ascending order by month, for the cases of more than one birthday within a month, sort them by day.

20/09
12/01
12/03
25/12
01/01

Question Four

Given the source code for the method merge() – see also file: T05Q3 . java. Write the recursive method of Merge sort (in T05Q3 . java).

```
private void merge(int[] a, int start, int mid, int end) {
    int temp[] = new int[end-start];
    int i = start;
    int j = mid;
    for(int k = 0; k < temp.length; k++) {
        if (j >= end || i < mid && a[i] <= a[j])
            temp[k] = a[i++];
        else
            temp[k] = a[j++];
    }
    for(int k = start; k < end; k++)
        a[k] = temp[k-start];
}

public static void mergeSort (int[] a, int start, int end) {
    /* please complete this recursive merge sort method */
}
```

Answer:

Q1

<pre>public static void q1A(int n) { int count = 0; for(int i=0; i<20000; i++) count++; }</pre>	$O(1)$
<pre>public static void q1B(int n) { int count = 0; n = n/10; for(int i=0; i<n; i++) for (int j=0; j<100; j++) count++; }</pre>	$O(n)$
<pre>public static void q1C(int[] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) result = result + a[i]; }</pre>	$O(n)$
<pre>public static void q1D(int[][] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) { for (int j=0; j < i; j++) result = result + a[i][j]; } }</pre>	$O(n^2)$
<pre>public static void q1E(int n) { int count = 0; for(int i=0; i<n; i++) count++; for (int j=0; j<n; j++) count++; }</pre>	$O(n)$
<pre>public static void q1F(int[] a) { int result = 0; int n = a.length; for (int i=0; i < n; i++) result = doG(a[i]); } private static int doG(int a) { int result = 0; for (int i=0; i < a; i++) { result += i; } return result; }</pre>	$O(n^2)$ The outer loop executes n times and the number of iterations of the inner loop ranges from 1 to n . So this is the sum of a series $= 1 + 2 + \dots + n-1 + n$ $= n(n+1)/2$

Q2.a

At each pass, the selected element is underlined.

```

2 3 1 6 4 5
2 3 1 5 4 6
2 3 1 4 5 6
2 3 1 4 5 6
2 1 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6

```

Q2.b

```

2 3 1 6 4 5
2 3 1 6 4 5
1 2 3 6 4 5
1 2 3 6 4 5
1 2 3 4 6 5
1 2 3 4 5 6

```

Q2.c

```

Pass 1
2 3 1 6 4 5
2 3 1 6 4 5
2 1 3 6 4 5
2 1 3 6 4 5
2 1 3 4 6 5
2 1 3 4 5 6
Pass 2
2 1 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6

```

There are no exchanges during Pass 3, so the algorithm will terminate.

Q3

By month:

First pass:	Second pass:	Third pass:	Fourth pass:
20/09 12/01 12/01 12/01 12/01	12/01 12/01 12/01 12/01	12/01 12/01 12/01	12/01 01/01
12/01 20/09 12/03 12/03 12/03	12/03 12/03 12/03 12/03	12/03 12/03 01/01	01/01 12/01
12/03 12/03 20/09 20/09 20/09	20/09 20/09 20/09 01/01	01/01 01/01 12/03	12/03 12/03
25/12 25/12 25/12 25/12 01/01	01/01 01/01 01/01 20/09	20/09 20/09 20/09	20/09 20/09
01/01 01/01 01/01 01/01 25/12	25/12 25/12 25/12 25/12	25/12 25/12 25/12	25/12 25/12

Q4

```

public static void mergeSort (int[] a, int start, int end) {
    if (start < end - 1) {
        int mid = (start + end)/2;
        mergeSort(a, start, mid);
        mergeSort(a, mid, end);
        merge(a, start, mid, end);
    }
}

```