

- · Variables do not need space allocated if they aren't assigned a value
- Different variables can be assigned to the same memory location at different times

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· The same variables in different instances requires two different memory locations if they overlap (recursion)

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- · Each instance of a method requires its own space for variables, arguments, and temps.
- The Stack of Activation Records is a data structure that satisfies this requirement.
- On invocation
 - · Allocate space for arguments, temps, local variables: a Frame

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- · Save (spill) some registers to allocate for subroutine
- · Save linkage information (how to return)
- · Transfer control to subroutine
- On return
 - Assign return value
 - Restore spilled registers
- Deallocate space
- · Jump back to original code

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· Who should save registers?

Only caller knows this

Callee should save

- Only callee knows

· Solution: do both!

- Don't need to save registers not being used

- Don't need to save registers that won't be touched

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Caller should save

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Caller/Callee Register Allocation

- Temporary registers for callee
 - \$t0-\$t11
 - Free for use, but not preserved
- Saved registers for caller
 - \$s0-\$s5

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- Free to use, but responsible for saving/restoring value
- · Every method is potentially both a caller and callee
 - Leaves (methods that invoke no other methods) often don't need to use S registers—no spills
 - Other nodes save registers they use exactly once: on invocation

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Dealing with Arguments

- Used for communication between caller and callee
- No limit to number of allowed arguments
- Pass arguments in registers: \$a0-\$a5
- Pass additional arguments through stack

Use of Stack for Subroutines: Caller

- Caller has allocated space for arguments in its stack frame
 - Save current (caller's) arguments on stack
 Save previously returned result (if needed)
- Assign arguments to registers (\$a0-\$a5)
- If temporary registers are live, save
- Caller executes bsr instruction
 - Address of subsequent instruction stored in Sra
 Jumps to beginning of callee

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On return

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- Restore arguments (if needed)

Use of Stack for Subroutines: Callee

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- Callee allocates new stack frame
 - Space for local variables
 - Space to save S/T registers if needed
 - Space to save return address (if not a leaf)
 - Space for parameters (if not a leaf)
- Execute code
 - May invoke other subroutines
- Assign result
- Restore registers
- Deallocate stack space
- Return to caller

Accesses to the Stack

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- The layout of a stack frame (activation record) is determined when the method is *compiled*
- · At assembly time, when the code is produced
 - the abolute address cannot be fixed (it varies depending on circumstances)
 - the relative address (relative to the top of stack) is known: a small constant
- Addressing mode of base register + displacement is perfect
- base: frame pointer (or stack pointer)
- displacement (computed when the stack frame is laid out.

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