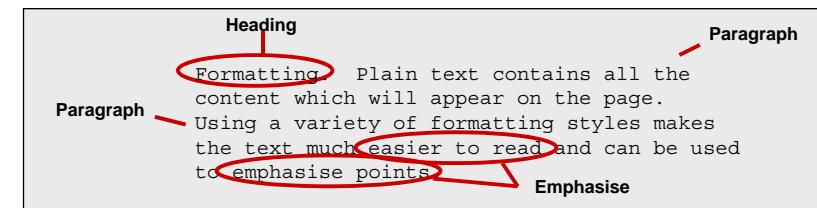


COMPSCI 111 / 111G

*Mastering Cyberspace:
An introduction to practical computing*

HTML5

Markup Languages



Markup Tags
(HTML)

Final
Appearance

<h1>Formatting.</h1> <p>Plain text contains all the content which will appear on the page.</p> <p>Using a variety of formatting styles makes the text much easier to read and can be used to emphasise points.</p>

Formatting

Plain text contains all the content which will appear on the page.
Using a variety of formatting styles makes the text much *easier to read* and can be used to *emphasise points*.

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Markup Languages

- **Markup**

- Indicates the formatting that should be used to display the page

- **Markup Language**

- A markup language consists of special tags which are placed in the text
 - Specifies how to format the text

- **Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)**

- Used to format web pages
 - Contains hypertext information (links)
 - Written in ASCII / Unicode
 - Embedded format codes (tags)

Browser Wars

- **HTML 1.0**

- Tim Berners Lee (1993)

- **Browsers added extra features**

- Internet Explorer had unique tags
 - Netscape Navigator had unique tags

- **Major problem**

- What tags should a publisher use?
 - How can this problem be resolved?

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Browser_wars

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Development of HTML

- **HTML 2.0**
 - Internet Engineering Task Force standard (1995)
- **HTML 3.2 / HTML 4.0**
 - W3 Consortium recommendation (1997)
- **HTML 4.01**
 - W3C recommendation (1999)
- **XHTML 1.0**
 - W3C recommendation (2000)
- **HTML5**
 - Fifth revision of HTML standard. Standardized October 2014.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Html>

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Encoding methods

- Different character sets used to encode the page
 - ASCII
 - UTF-8
 - Unicode
- Need to tell the browser which encoding is used
 - Located in the *head* of the document.

```
<meta charset="UTF-8">
```

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Document Type Definition

- Defines which standard is being used for the page
 - We use HTML5
- Should appear at the top of the file

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

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Use at the start of every file

- Copy and paste the code exactly as it appears
 - Will be provided in tests and exams

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
</head>
```

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HTML Source Code

- **Code used by the browser to display the page**
 - White space is ignored
- **Comments**
 - Ignored by the browser
 - Allow you to document your code
 - <!-- Put your comment here -->
- **Layout**
 - Use tidy layout where possible
 - Make code easy to understand
 - Make code easy to maintain/ modify
 - Use whitespace and comments to help

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Overview of tags

- **Markup achieved with “tags”**
 - Enclosed with angle brackets < ... >
 - Use lower case
 - Most come in pairs <tag> ... </tag>
- **Tag usually applies to text between start and end tag**

This word is in `italics`

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Attributes

- **Some tags require additional information**
 - Properties or attributes of the tag
 - `<tag property="value"> </tag>`

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Nested Tags

- **Tags must be correctly nested**
 - Cannot close an open tag until all the open tags that it affects are also closed

The diagram illustrates nested tags with three levels of nesting. The outermost level is a large red box containing the text: <tag> Text only affected by "tag". Inside this is a medium red box containing the text: <tag2> Text affected by both "tag" and "tag2" </tag2>. Inside the medium box is a small red box containing the text: Text only affected by "tag" </tag>.

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Essential tags

<html>

- Encloses the entire document
 - Specifies that the document uses html

```
<html>
  .
  .
  .
  .
  .
  .
  .
</html>
```

Essential tags

<head>

- Contains information for the browser
 - E.g. character encoding used
 - Does not contain any content to be displayed on the page

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    </head>
    .
    .
    .
    .
  </html>
```

Essential tags

<body>

- Contains all the content that will appear on the page

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
  </head>
  <body>
    .
    .
    .
  </body>
</html>
```

Essential tags

<title>

- Part of the head
 - Specifies the title to be used by the browser
 - Name of the window
 - Used in navigation (bookmarks, history, etc.)

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Introduction to tags</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    .
    .
    .
  </body>
</html>
```

HTML5 Exercise

Exercise 1: What does HTML stand for?

Exercise 2: What is a document type definition used for?

Exercise 3: What is “white space”?

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Paragraphs

<p>

- Defines a paragraph of text

```
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Introduction to tags</title>
</head>
<body>
<p>This is a very simple web page</p>
<p>
It contains two different paragraphs
of text.
</p>
</body>
</html>
```



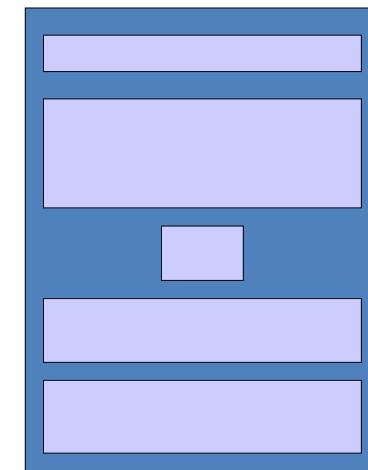
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Block-level tags

Define the structure of a “block”

- Headings
- Paragraphs
- Lists
- Tables
- Preformatted text



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HTML5 Exercise

- **Exercise 4: Create a complete HTML5 document with the title “Simple page”. The only text that should appear on the page is “Hello World”.**

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Headings

Six levels of headings

- <h1>
- <h2>
- <h3>
- <h4>
- <h5>
- <h6>

First level heading

Second level heading

Third level heading

Fourth level heading

Fifth level heading

Sixth level heading

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Headings

```
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Introduction to tags</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>A very simple web page</h1>
<p>It contains two paragraphs and two
headings</p>
<h2>Second section</h2>
<p>This section is less important</p>
</body>
</html>
```



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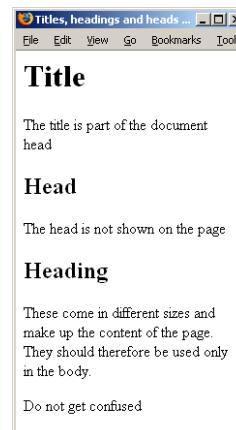
22

Example of Head, Heading and Title

```
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title> Titles, headings and heads</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Title</h1>
<p>The title is part of the document head</p>

<h2>Head</h2>
<p>The head is not shown on the page</p>

<h2>Heading</h2>
<p>These come in different sizes
and make up the content of the page.
They should therefore be used only
in the body.</p>
<p>Do not get confused</p>
</body>
</html>
```



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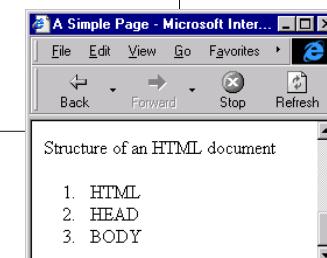
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Ordered Lists

Ordered Lists

- Automatically numbered
- ... Contains the entire list
- ... Used for each list item

```
<p>Structure of an HTML document</p>
<ol>
<li>HTML</li>
<li>HEAD</li>
<li>BODY</li>
</ol>
```



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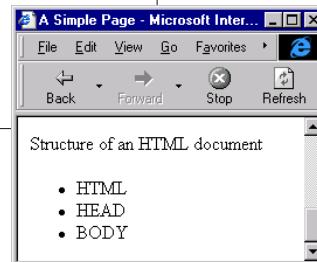
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Unordered Lists

Unordered Lists

- Bullet Points
- ` ... ` Contains the entire list
- ` ... ` Used for each list item

```
<p>Structure of an HTML document</p>
<ul>
<li>HTML</li>
<li>HEAD</li>
<li>BODY</li>
</ul>
```



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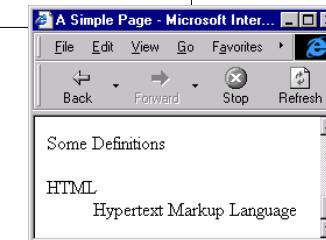
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Description Lists

Terms and explanations

- `<dl> ... </dl>` Contains the entire list
- `<dt> ... </dt>` Defines a term in a description list
- `<dd> ... </dd>` Is used to describe a term in a description list

```
<p>Some definitions</p>
<dl>
<dt>HTML</dt>
<dd>Hypertext Markup Language</dd>
</dl>
```



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Tables

`<table>`

- Used to format tables of information
- By default, there are no borders shown

| MONDAY TUESDAY WEDNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | |
| 1 | LAB 01 Elena Calude Jacqui Longley | LAB 03 Ann Cameron Young Ly | LAB 06 Jacqui Longley Young Ly | LAB 09 Ann Cameron Mark Roper | LAB 12 Ann Cameron Terry Spencer |
| 2 | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | LAB 02 Andrew Luxton Young Ly | LAB 04 Ann Cameron Mark Roper | LAB 07 Mark Roper Simon Dixon | LAB 10 Jacqui Longley Simon Dixon | |
| 5 | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | |

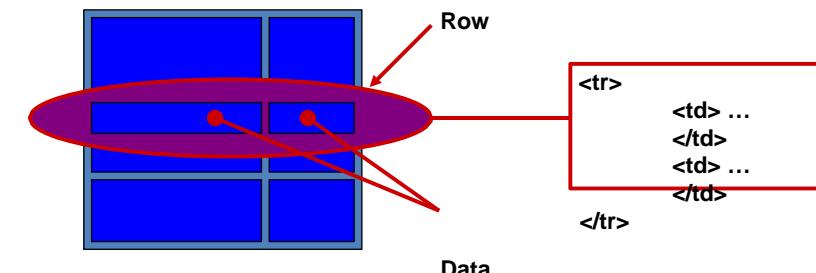
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Tags required to format Tables

Tags

- `<table> ... </table>` Surrounds the entire table
- `<tr> ... </tr>` Identifies a row in the table
- `<td> ... </td>` Each element/cell of data in the row



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A simple table example

```
<html>
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Simple Table</title>
</head>
<body>
<p>What follows is a simple table:</p>
<table>
<tr>
    <td>One Row</td><td>Two Columns</td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```



Table Exercise

Exercise: Write a fragment of HTML5 code that will generate a table with 2 rows and 1 column. The text in the first row should be "first row" and the text in the second row should be "second row".