THE UNIVERSITY OF AUCKLAND

FIRST SEMESTER, 2016 Campus: City

COMPUTER SCIENCE

TEST

Computer Graphics and Image Processing

(Time Allowed: 50 minutes)

Note:

- The use of calculators is NOT permitted.
- Compare the exam version number on the Teleform sheet supplied with the version number above. If they do not match, ask the exam supervisor for a new sheet.
- Enter your name and student ID on the Teleform sheet. Your name should be entered left aligned. If your name is longer than the number of boxes provided, truncate it.
- Answer ALL Multiple-choice questions on the Teleform answer sheet provided.
- Use a dark pencil to mark your answers in the multiple choice answer boxes on the Teleform sheet. Check that the question number on the sheet corresponds to the question number in this question/answer book. If you spoil your sheet, ask the supervisor for a replacement.





- 4 -

COMPSCI373

Commented [BW5]: Correct

Question 5

[1 marks] Assume a square matrix $M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Which of the following statements about the inverse matrix, M⁻¹, of the matrix M, is *true*?

(a)
$$M^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) M has no inverse
(c) $M^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
(d) $M^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

(e) None of the others

Question 6

[1 marks] Assume a square matrix $M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and a vector $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Which of the following statements about the product Mu, of matrix M and vector u, is *true*?

(a)
$$Mu = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) $Mu = 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
(c) $Mu = 0$
(d) $Mu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
(e) None of the others
Question 7
[1 marks] Assume a square matrix $M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$.
Which of the following statements about the determinant, det(M), of the matrix M, is true?
(a) det(M) = 2
(b) det(M) = $-\frac{1}{2}$
(c) det(M) = 10
(d) det(M) = 14
(e) None of the others
Commented [BW6]: Correct

VERSION 00000001 - 5 -COMPSCI373 **Question 8** [1 marks] Which of the following call by equation 2x + 2y + z = 1, and the point $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, is *true*? [1 marks] Which of the following statements about the absolute distance, d, between a plane P defined (a) d = 3(b) d = 0 (the point Q lies on the plane P) (c) $d = \frac{1}{3}$ Commented [BW8]: Correct _____ (d) d = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (e) None of the others **Question 9** [1 marks] Consider the plane π , orthogonal to the vector $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and containing the point $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Which of the following statements about the equation of the plane π is *true*? (a) $x + z = \sqrt{2}$ _____ (b) x + z = 2Commented [BW9]: Correct (c) x + y + z = 3(d) x + z = 0 (The origin is on the plane) (e) None of the others Question 10 [1 marks] Which of the following statements about the equation of the plane, π , being orthogonal to the vector $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ . \end{pmatrix}$ and at a distance d = 2 from the origin is *true*? (a) $x + z = \sqrt{2}$ (b) $x + z = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $x + z = 2\sqrt{2}$ ------Commented [BW10]: Correct (d) $x + z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (e) None of the others

- 6 -

COMPSCI373

Question 11

[1 marks] Consider the triangle ABC the with the vertices $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ listed in

counter clockwise order with respect to its normal \mathbf{n} . Which of the following statements about the coordinates of the normal \mathbf{n} is *true*?



VERSION 00000001	- 7 -	COMPSCI373				
Question 13	(2 0 2)					
[1 marks] Consider the matrix $M =$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ representing a s	set of planar (2D) geometric				
transformations in homogeneous co is <i>true</i> ?	ordinates. Which of the follo	wing statements about the matrix M				
(a) M represents first, a scaling (b) M represents first, a translat	of vector $(2, 1)$ followed by	Commented [BW13]: Correct				
(c) M represents first, a scaling	of vector $(3, 1)$ followed by					
(d) M represents first, a shearin(e) None of the others	g of parameters (-1,1) follow					
Question 14						
[1 marks] Consider the 2D Cartesian coordinates P' of the point $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ after performing first						
translation by vector $t = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$; then	1 rotation through 90 degrees	; and finally scaling by 1 along the <i>x</i> -				
axis and -2 along the y-axis. Which	statement about the 2D Carte	esian coordinates P' is true?				
(-3)			Commented [BW14]: Correct			

(a)
$$P' = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) $P' = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
(c) $P' = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
(d) $P' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$

(e) None of the others

- 8 -

COMPSCI373

Question 15

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \text{ marks} \end{bmatrix} \text{ Consider the point P} = \begin{pmatrix} 3\\2\\1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ Which of the following statements about the coordinates P' of the point P in a new coordinate system with location E = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\1\\0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and axis unit vectors u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1\\1\\0 \end{pmatrix}, v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1\\-1\\0 \end{pmatrix}, n = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\0\\-1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ is true?}$ (a) P' = $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1\\0\\-\sqrt{2} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-\sqrt{2} \\ \end{bmatrix}$ (b) P' = $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\-\sqrt{2} \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2\\0\\-\sqrt{2} \\ \end{bmatrix}$ (c) P' = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \begin{pmatrix} 3\\2\\1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ (d) P' = $\begin{pmatrix} 3\\2\\1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ (e) None of the others

Question 16

[1 marks] Which of the following drawing modes for OpenGL primitives does not exist in OpenGL?

(a) GL_LINE_LOOP
(b) GL_QUAD_STRIP
(c) GL_TRIANGLES
(d) GL_SQUARES ______ Commented [BW16]: Correct
(e) GL_POINTS

-9-

Question 17

[1 marks] Given is a window in world coordinates with the coordinates w.left=0, w.right=3, w.bottom=0, and w.top=2. The world window is mapped to a window on the display. The resulting window on the display has a width of 600 pixels, height of 400 pixels, and it is aligned with the top left corner of the display, i.e. its position is (0, 0). What is the world-to-viewport transformation for mapping a point in world coordinates into the corresponding point in screen coordinates? NOTE: Making yourself an illustration helps with finding the correct answer.



Commented [BW17]: Correct

VERSION 00	000001
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- 10 -

Question 18

[1 marks] Given are the vertices

const int numVertices=6; const float vertices[numVertices][2] =

 $\{\{300,380\},\{50,200\},\{350,300\},\{200,100\},\{350,100\},\{250,380\}\}$

Which calling sequence of these vertices (using glVertex2fv) results in the shape below if we use the OpenGL commands glBegin (GL_QUADS) and glEnd()?



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VERSION 00000001
                                         - 11 -
                                                                                 COMPSCI373
Question 19
[1 marks] Given are the vertices
       const int numVertices=6;
       const float vertices[numVertices][2] =
               \{\{300, 380\}, \{50, 200\}, \{350, 300\}, \{200, 100\}, \{350, 100\}, \{250, 380\}\}
Which calling sequence of these vertices (using glVertex2fv) results in the shape below if we use
the OpenGL commands glBegin(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN) and glEnd()?
   (a) 0, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4
   (b) 2, 1, 5, 0, 4, 3
   (c) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2, 0
   (d) 1, 5, 0, 2, 4, 3
   (e) None of the others
                                                                                                       Commented [BW19]: Correct
Question 20
[1 marks] Using Phong illumination, if you want to make the highlight on a surface smaller, you have
to
    (a) Increase the intensity of the specular light
                                                                                                       Commented [BW20]: Correct
   (b) Increase the shininess \alpha
   (c) Decrease the shininess \alpha
    (d) Increase the intensity of the ambient light
    (e) None of the others
Ouestion 21
[1 marks] Which of the following statements about shading algorithms is false?
    (a) Phong shading interpolates the normal between the vertices of a face
   (b) Gouraud shading cannot represent highly localised effects, such as small highlights in the
       middle of a polygon.
    (c) Flat shading is faster than Gouraud shading
    (d) Flat shading produces stronger Mach bands than Gouraud shading
    (e) None of the others
                                                                                                       Commented [BW21]: Correct
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VERSION 00000001	- 12 -	COMPSCI373	
Question 22 [1 marks] Given is a scene conwith ambient intensity $I_a=0.7 \pm \rho_a=0.5$ and $\rho_d=0.6$. Given is a $(0,0,1)^T$, the light position is (Using the (achromatic) Phong the ambient component of the NOTE 1: Please assume that the NOTE 2: In order to work out	ntaining an illuminated object. The scen and $I_d=1.0$. The illuminated object has the point $\mathbf{p}=(0,0,0)^T$ on the surface of the ob $0,3,4)^T$, and the viewpoint is $(2,0,0)^T$. Illumination equation discussed in the le e reflected light at \mathbf{p} ? here is no distance dependency, i.e. $k_c=$ your answer you may not need all of the	e contains a single light source he ambient reflection coefficient oject. The surface normal at \mathbf{p} is lecture and assignment, what is 1.0 and $k_1=k_q=0.0$. e parameters specified above.	
 (a) 0.35 (b) 0.95 (c) 0.42 (d) 0.5 (e) 0.7 			Commented [BW22]: Correct
Question 23 [1 marks] Given is a scene corwith ambient intensity $I_a=0.7 \pm \rho_a=0.5$ and $\rho_d=0.6$. Given is a $(0,0,1)^T$, the light position is (Using the (achromatic) Phong the diffuse component of the NOTE 1: Please assume that the NOTE 2: In order to work out	ntaining an illuminated object. The scen and $I_d=1.0$. The illuminated object has the point $\mathbf{p}=(0,0,0)^T$ on the surface of the ob $0,3,4)^T$, and the viewpoint is $(2,0,0)^T$. Illumination equation discussed in the l reflected light at \mathbf{p} ? here is no distance dependency, i.e. $k_c=$ your answer you may not need all of th	e contains a single light source ne ambient reflection coefficient oject. The surface normal at \mathbf{p} is lecture and assignment, what is 1.0 and k ₁ =k _q =0.0. e parameters specified above.	
(a) 0.6 (b) 0.35 (c) 0.48 (d) 0.42			Commented [BW23]: Correct
(e) 0.95 Question 24 [1 marks] In order to determin uses the	e which parts of a surface are visible wh	en rendering 3D scenes, OpenGL	
 (a) Depth buffer (b) Accumulation buffer (c) Frame buffer (d) Stencil buffer (e) Double buffer 			Commented [BW24]: Correct

VERSION 00000001	- 13 -	COMPSCI373	
Question 25 [1 marks] Given is a triangle wit rendered in OpenGL using fully vertex B (C_B =(0,1,0)), and fully point P=(0, 0, 0)?	h the vertices A=(-1,0,0), B=(1, saturated red for vertex A (C_A = saturated blue for vertex C (C_C =	0,0), C=(0,1,0). The triangle is $(1,0,0)$, fully saturated green for $=(0,0,1)$. What is the colour C _P at the	
(a) C _P =(1/4, 1/4, 1/2)			
(b) $C_P=(1/6, 1/6, 2/3)$			
(c) $C_{P}=(0, 0, 1)$			
(d) $C_P=(1/3, 1/3, 1/3)$			
(e) $C_{P}=(0.5, 0.5, 0)$			 Commented [BW25]: Correct
Question 26 [1 marks] Given is an object con want to model and render this ob easy to implement and gives pre-	sisting of intersecting spheres a ject. What modelling technique cise results).	nd cuboids with cylindrical holes. You is most appropriate for this task (i.e. is	
(a) Subdivision Surfaces			
(b) Constructive Solid Geor	netry (CSG)		 Commented [BW26]: Correct
(c) Manually defined polyg	on mesh		
(d) Implicit Surfaces			
(e) Parametric Surfaces			

- 14 -

COMPSCI373

Question 27

[1 marks] What is the model view matrix after executing the following code?
glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW); glLoadIdentity(); glRotatef(φ , 0, 0, 1); glTranslatef(1, 2, 0); $(\cos \varphi - \sin \varphi \ 0)$ $\cos \varphi$ $\sin \varphi$ $\cos \varphi$ $0 - 2\cos\varphi$ (a) 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 $-2\sin\varphi$ $-\sin \varphi = 0$ $\cos \varphi$ $\sin \phi$ $\cos \varphi$ 0 $-2\cos\varphi$ (b) 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 $-\sin \varphi = 0 = 1$ $\cos \varphi$ $\cos \varphi$ 0 2 $\sin \varphi$ (c) 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 $\cos \varphi$ $-\sin \varphi$ 0 $\cos \varphi - 2\sin \varphi$ $\sin \varphi + 2\cos \varphi$ $\cos \varphi$ 0 $\sin \varphi$ (d) 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 (e) None of the above

Commented [BW27]: Correct

- 15 -

COMPSCI373

Question 28

[1 marks] Given is a function drawHouse() which draws a wire frame house in the xy-plane as shown in the image below.



Which scene is produced by executing the following OpenGL code:





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Commented [BW28]: Correct

- 16 -

COMPSCI373

Question 29

[1 marks] Given is a function drawHouse() which draws a wire frame house in the xy-plane as shown in the image below.



Which scene is produced by executing the following OpenGL code:





(e) None of the others

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Commented [BW29]: Correct

- 17 -

COMPSCI373

Question 30

[1 marks] Given is a parametric curve $\mathbf{c}(t) = (x(t), y(t)) \ (0 \le t \le 1)$, which defines a spiral with *n* revolutions and linearly increasing radius. The radius increases by 1 unit with each revolution. The image below shows the curve for *n*=3.



Which of the following equations defines this parametric curve?



(e) None of the others

Commented [BW30]: Correct

- 18 -

COMPSCI373

Rough Working – This page will not be marked